

The Anaconda Standard.

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PRICE FIVE CENTS.

OUR CHILIAN FRIENDS

Further Particulars About the Brutal Treatment of Americans.

THEIR BAD BLOOD STIRRED

Reasons Why the Chileans Harbor Hatred Toward Yankees—The Story Told in Paris.

WASHINGTON, Nov. 1.—Secretary Tracy this afternoon received the following dispatch from Captain Schley, dated yesterday: "Patty Officer Johnson, in whose arms Riggins was killed, declared the act was done by a police guard. Apprentice Williams reports he was arrested by mounted policemen, who placed catgut nippers around his wrists and started the horse on a gallop, throwing him down. Coal Heaver McWilliams was taken to prison with catgut nippers around his wrists and a lasso around his neck. He was bitten on the arm after arrest. Coal Heaver Quigley, while trying to escape from the mob, was struck with a sword by a police officer. Apprentice Kalbott was arrested and on the way to prison was struck repeatedly by the police. Petty Officer Hamilton was dangerously wounded and in an unconscious condition was literally dragged to prison. One of my people trying to make him comfortable, was threatened with the butt of a musket and made to desist. The prisoners were examined secretly, the presence of an officer sent by me to the court being denied. Before discharge, the men were required to sign a paper. Rheinhardt asked the court official the meaning of this paper. He was informed it was a mere form stating the signer was not engaged in the trouble. Two of my men are dead, three dangerously wounded and about 15 slightly injured. The surgeons believe the wounded are out of danger."

AN OLD-TIME GRUDGE.

Chileans Remember Their Old Treatment in California.

CHICAGO, Nov. 1.—Ramon Estuville, a native Californian at the Palmer house today, said: "People of Spanish blood are pretty much all alike, and I think I understand the Chilean situation better than a man of English descent naturally would. Chileans hate Americans, not on account of the Iata incident or any recent occurrence. Those incidents merely aggravated a feeling dated back to time of the discovery of gold in California. There was a great demand for provisions in San Francisco then, California not being the great wheat producing state it is today, and flour was imported from Chile in large quantities. This brought San Francisco and Valparaiso into close communication and thousands of Chileans went to the newly discovered gold fields. It was just after the Mexican war, the result of which was a bitter feeling. The natives looked upon the immigrants as intruders. Numbers of natives became outlaws, and many murders and robberies were committed, while a number of Chileans were murdered and robbed by American miners, and the race hostility became so intense many Chilean miners returned to their own land. They took with them the story of their inhospitable reception and the nation has smarted under what it deemed wrongs to its subjects ever since. The average Chilean hates an American bitterly and this is one of the reasons for it."

WHAT A CHILIAN SAYS.

Only an Exhibition of American Spite—Reciprocity the Cause.

PARIS, Nov. 1.—The animosity felt at Chilean residents here against the United States is reflected in an interview with a prominent member of the Chilean community in Paris, who attributes the enmity of the American government to the Chileans' refusal to enter the customs union proposed by Secretary Blaine. "Several Chilean statesmen," said he, "exchanged views with Blaine, assuring him that as soon as there was visible any advantage the United States could grant Chile in return for the surrender of European trade, the proposed customs union would have some chance of acceptance. Unable to do this, the Washington government would not forgive Chilean resistance to their pet scheme. Spite was shown in the pursuit of the Iata, which was treated like a slave boat. It required all the authority of Paris agents of the Chilean congress to prevent the E-meralda from fighting the United States cruiser Chiriqui. Further proof of hostility is found in the action of Admiral Brown in watching the immigrants at Quintero and reporting their movements to Balmaceda. The attitude of the United States over the state of the affairs is unjustifiable. The Washington government ought to have awaited the result of official inquiry, relying upon the operation of Chilean justice, which is equal, if not superior to American justice. The reprisals that the Valparaiso police used bayonets must be grounds for their only weapon is a staff."

Grand Duke Alexander of Oldenburg, chief military expert of Russia, is taking part in the strategic conference now proceeding between the French and Russian officers.

THE ENGLISH VERSION.

What a Correspondent of the "Times" Cables from Valparaiso.

LONDON, Nov. 2.—The Times correspondent at Valparaiso reports as follows: Evidence gathered from all hands appears conclusively to prove the American squadron acted the part of spies for Balmaceda, and that second only to the dictator's troops. The most effective assistance to the cause of oppression was received from Minister Egan, the American squadron and the Washington administration, the two latter having probably been deceived by Minister Egan from the first. I have absolutely verified from ex-official sources Minister Egan's intimacy with and obsequiousness to Balmaceda. Consensus documentary and other evidence compels belief in the accuracy of the

charge that Admiral Brown imported the result of his visit to Quintero to Balmaceda's officials. Admiral Brown's statement that he took a British naval officer to Quintero is untrue.

At Coquimbo I received proof that the Americans described the situation of the congressionalists troops and fleet in Northern Chile. The American cable was cut at Iquique under protection of an American man-of-war to enable Balmaceda to control opinion abroad. The feeling of the nation under these circumstances may easily be described, but the Chileans of all classes separate the American nation from its representatives. In connection with these gross aggressions, upon unproved, if not unfounded charges, Minister Egan, in order to cover his unsustainable position, has addressed three hostile notes to the Chilean government, hoping to create difficulties in subsidiary questions, under shelter of which no and Blaine might escape. The government is acting with the greatest prudence and will endeavor to satisfy all just demands of the United States, ignoring the insolent attitude of Egan. Blaine in partnership with Egan succeeded in leaving imperishable land marks in South American history, which neither an American conference nor an inter-colonial railway can efface. The alleged dying declarations of Balmaceda respecting the councils given him by Mr. Egan and other declarations upon United States affairs are pure inventions.

The Times this morning says: "The Chileans could be made more or less human if they did not resent Minister Egan's hectoring and browbeating tone. Unless they come to his assistance by a departure from the moderate attitude they now maintain, it only remains for Blaine to climb down as softly and gently as he can. The American people are certainly concerned enough by discovery and to punish those who employed their ships and influenced in ways which, if not absolutely correct, are at least extremely irregular and mischievous."

No Cause for Alarm.

LONDON, Nov. 1.—In an interview United States Minister Lincoln expresses an opinion that the Chilean news is exaggerated, and there is no possibility of war. He also expresses hope a settlement will be attained in a few days.

DID THEIR WORK WELL.

Burglars Pay Their Respects to a Wealthy New Hampshire Citizen.

PORTSMOUTH, N. H., Nov. 1.—Early this morning the residence of George Scott, vice president of the Portsmouth Brewing company, was entered by robbers through a rear window. The thieves proceeded to the room occupied by Mr. and Mrs. Scott, removed all their clothing from the room, then chloroformed them. Obtaining a key to the safe they rifled it, securing between \$3,000 and \$5,000 in money, several articles of jewelry and valuable papers. They also took a gold watch and a diamond from Mr. Scott's shirt. The value of the booty secured was \$7,000.

QUAY WANTS MEDICINE.

Will Sue James Kerr for \$100,000 Damages.

PITTSBURGH, Nov. 1.—The Commercial Gazette's Beaver special says: Senator Quay has instructed his counsel to commence suit to-morrow morning in Philadelphia against James Kerr, chairman of the democratic state committee, for \$100,000 damages for libel and conspiring to libel.

For River Improvement.

KANSAS CITY, Mo., Nov. 1.—The Commercial club of this city has called a convention, to meet here Dec. 15 and 16, to urge upon congress systematic improvements of the Missouri and lower Mississippi rivers. Delegates will be here from Montana, Colorado, Dakota, Iowa, Nebraska, Kansas, Missouri, Illinois, Kentucky, Tennessee, Arkansas, Mississippi and Louisiana.

Large Attachments Issued.

DULUTH, Minn., Nov. 1.—Attachments aggregating \$700,000 have been issued against the Iron & Land company of Minnesota. The corporation is composed of principally Englishmen, and it is charged English holders have a scheme to look after their individual interests regardless of the interests of American holders.

Life Lost in Charns.

NEW YORK, Nov. 1.—Capt. Algernon Horner, 45 years old, formerly captain in the British army, of late in the employ, it is said, of the English secret service, committed suicide Sunday afternoon in a room at the Victoria hotel, by shooting himself through the right temple. No cause is assigned for the deed.

Composed of Literary Men.

KANSAS CITY, Mo., Nov. 1.—The American Library association excursion party arrived here last night, enroute from Salt Lake City to the East. The party, which is composed of President Samuel S. Green, of Worcester, Mass., and 35 other members of the association, left for Chicago this morning.

A Partial Victory.

BOSTON, Nov. 1.—Edward B. Welch has scored a partial victory in his suit to recover \$250,000 from inventor Edison for alleged breach of contract. The defendant has made a motion in the United States circuit court to appoint an auditor to hear the plaintiff's claim and the judge has denied the motion.

Bold Bank Robbers.

OMAHA, Neb., Nov. 1.—A special from Homer, Neb., says: The State bank was robbed this morning by two masked men of \$1,600. The robbers went to the cashier's residence and compelled him at the point of a revolver to accompany them to the bank and open the safe, after which they gagged and bound him. The robbers escaped.

Another Russian Uthase.

PARIS, Nov. 1.—A telegram received at the Russian embassy here announces the issuance of a ukase in Russia prohibiting, from to-day, the exportation of all cereals excepting wheat. The Russian government has assigned another 32,000,000 roubles to the distress fund.

IN SUNNY MEXICO.

Forfeiture of a Steamship Contract—The American the Winner.

CITY OF MEXICO, Nov. 1.—The contract between the executive and Salvador Molo for the establishment of a line of steamers between China and Mexican ports has been declared forfeited by the Mexican government. The concession called for four yearly trips from Hong Kong to Vera Cruz, Oaxaca, on the Pacific coast, and two only were made.

At the mining camp of San Pablo, near Buena Vista, Coahuila, there was a sanguinary battle recently between John P. Moulton, an American, and Antonio Ventura and Leonardo Rodriguez, Mexicans. The Mexicans fell upon Moulton, knives in hand, and he defending himself with a dagger. At the conclusion of the fight Ventura was dead, Rodriguez had four dagger wounds in his body and Moulton was badly slashed.

John N. Contreras, the earthquake prophet at Guanajuato, forecasts a trembling for either of the states of Mexico, Puebla or Vera Cruz, between the 8th and 12th of November.

Deputy Juan A. Mateos presented a national divorce bill to the chamber of deputies Friday night. The house was packed from floor to ceiling with spectators, and nearly every deputy was present. The bill is very similar to the New York law. Not a single Mexican has a divorce law, and it is doubtful if the one proposed will ever leave the chamber, owing to general Catholic tendencies of the masses.

MARRIED HIS SISTER.

German Emigrant's Experience at the New York Harbor Office.

NEW YORK, Nov. 1.—Among the emigrants landed at the large office today was a German family named Muller, composed of mother, son John, aged 16, and daughter Marguerette, 22, besides his son-in-law and his two children. The family debarked from the steamer, Prince Bismarck. The daughter was in an interesting condition, evidently near its culmination. Questioned by bureau officials, she indicated that her brother John was responsible for her condition. The officials not knowing of the relationship existing between the pair, Marguerette was told unless she and her brother were married immediately both would be sent back to Germany.

Both parties expressed a willingness to be married. They were escorted to the residence of a minister near by and the ceremony performed. After the ceremony it was found the mother had railroad tickets for Elgin, Ill. She was found and told her daughter had been married. She expressed astonishment, demanding to know who her new son-in-law was. Being told, she threw up her hands and shrieked, "why, that is my son, they are brother and sister." Upbraiding and reprimandings by mother and sister followed, while the son, brother and husband, looked on in stolid indifference. The girl persisted John was the father of her unborn child, while the mother protested a soldier in Mecklenburg, Germany, was responsible. John would make no statement. The mother succeeded in exciting a belief in the German soldier story, and a conclusion was reached that the girl had secured her release from the harbor office.

It is a New Enterprise.

WASHINGTON, Nov. 1.—Late information as to the rapid development of the wine industry in Southern Brazil shows a decided improvement has taken place in the quality of the product, though it still has a sharp taste. Notwithstanding its defects prices obtained for it are more remunerative than coffee. The government has taken steps to foster the culture of the vine by granting for two years free transportation for products over state railways, and has provided for the establishment of an oenological and phylloxera station, with a vineyard attached, for the diffusion of information as to vine culture.

A New Suggestion.

WASHINGTON, Nov. 1.—Second Auditor Hatterson, in his report to the secretary of the treasury, suggests that the revised statutes be modified so as to authorize the second auditor to disallow claims for arrears of pay and bounty in cases where the records of his office show a soldier or his heirs have received all they are entitled to under the law; provided that claimants are dissatisfied they may within six months appeal to the second comptroller, otherwise the auditor's action shall be deemed final and conclusive, subject to revision only by congress or the proper courts.

Minister Carter Dead.

NEW YORK, Nov. 1.—P. A. P. Carter, minister of the United States from Hawaii, died here this morning at 1:30 o'clock, at the Everett house.

His death was the result of a long illness. He suffered from organic disease that developed into dropsy. He took a trip abroad for the benefit of his health, but derived no advantage from it. He arrived here Sept. 28, last, and has been confined to bed almost constantly since. He was attended by his wife, three daughters and one son, G. R. Carter of Seattle, Wash.

Escaped From Prison.

SAN RAFAEL, Cal., Nov. 1.—Charles Schmidt, confederate of the notorious Sidney Bell, was found dead in his cell at San Quentin prison this morning. Schmidt was brought to prison yesterday. Just before being photographed he placed a piece of paper in his mouth, then took a drink of water. It is believed the paper, which was folded, contained morphine. The crime for which he was imprisoned was the shooting of a prominent young Hebrew, Samuel Jacobson, over a year ago.

The Spanish Loan.

MADRID, Nov. 1.—The Rothschild's will renew the Spanish loan of \$10,000,000 and will advance \$20,000,000 more in gold to the bank of Spain. The contract will be signed Wednesday next.

A Bishop Consecrated.

BALTIMORE, Md., Nov. 1.—The Most Rev. Dr. P. L. Chapin was consecrated this morning as coadjutor to Archbishop Neale of Santa Fe, N. M., and titular bishop of Arabisio, Asia Minor.

FOR ROBBING THE MAILS

Young Edward Barnum Arrested at Great Falls by U. S. Officers.

STOLE REGISTERED LETTERS

How Postoffice Inspectors Traced Down the Looters of Valuable Packages—They Had Marked Coins.

Special to the Standard.

GREAT FALLS, Nov. 1.—Edward Barnum was arrested in this city shortly after noon today by Postoffice Inspector Watkins, charged with robbing the United States mails at Mann, a small town about 30 miles southeast of this city.

Barnum and his mother had charge of the postoffice at Mann until about a month ago. About that time numerous complaints were made by people who claimed to have lost various sums of money through the mails. An investigation followed. Postoffice Inspector Sackett sent several pieces of marked money through the mails to the postoffice in question, and soon ascertained that all was not right. Mrs. Barnum and her son were arrested and the marked coins found on their persons. They claimed, however, that the money had been given to them by a man who had remained at their house over night, and had taken breakfast with them. They were released, but the authorities evidently were not satisfied with the result, as they have been quietly working on the case ever since.

A short time after the original trouble the postoffice at Mann was discontinued owing to the building of the railroad to Nehart, mail being carried through town by stage. This did not seem to do any good, as many complaints continued to be made by people claiming to have lost letters. From what can be learned, it appears that the stage driver was in the habit of remaining over night at this point, and it is claimed that he became a little careless over the mail matter. A few days ago several people claim to have seen an unknown man sitting on a large rock opening letters. Several men started toward him but he made his escape. On reaching the rock and overturning it 60 letters were found, most all of them having been opened. Whether this person was Barnum is of course a matter of conjecture. It is thought, however, that Barnum did have a key which could have been used to open the mail sacks had he so desired. Barnum has been in the city for several days and his every movement closely watched by inspectors Watkins and Sackett. A telegram was sent to Helena for United States Marshal Furry yesterday, but before he arrived here today, Barnum had been arrested and placed in jail. The authorities are keeping very quiet over the matter, although they claim to have sufficient evidence of guilt to convict the prisoner. The preliminary examination of Barnum will take place at the court house before the United States commissioner at 9 o'clock to-morrow morning. The whole affair is highly sensational and caused much excitement in the city this afternoon.

IN ROUGH HELENA.

Another Highwayman Uses His Gun and Secures a Little Booty.

Special to the Standard.

HELENA, Nov. 1.—Another highwayman made his appearance this morning a little after 1 o'clock, and took \$5 out of John Wall's vest pocket. Wall had been out visiting and was within a block of his home when he was held up. The highwayman stood in a dark alley opening on Broadway, east of Rodney street. He shoved his gun against the front of Wall's stiff hat so hard that it left a permanent crease in the felt, and at the same time he took the bills out of Wall's right vest pocket. It was dark and Wall was so badly scared he could not give a good description of the rascal. The police have been looking for him, but have little hope. Wall is a young man in the employ of the American Express company, and is one of the amateurs who appeared at the benefit to Policeman Grogan, who was shot by a highwayman on the night of Oct. 8.

PHILIPSBURG NOTES.

Officers of the New National Bank—Other Matters.

Special to the Standard.

PHILIPSBURG, Nov. 1.—The organization of the First National bank of Philipsburg was completed last night. The officers elected are: Joseph A. Hyde, president; James Patton, vice president; E. C. Freysehlag, cashier. E. S. Hoffman and M. E. Doe are trustees.

In anticipation of the crosscut soon to be started in the Bi-Metallic extension, there is considerable action in the stock. The "Cable Tom's Cabin" company arrived today, and are domiciled at the Hyman house. They play at Granite to-morrow night and here Tuesday. Crowded houses with undoubtedly greet them at both places.

THEY JUMPED OUT.

Two Ladies Become Frightened and Unceremoniously Leave a Landau.

Special to the Standard.

PHILIPSBURG, Nov. 1.—Mrs. and Mrs. Joseph Carlotta and Miss Annie Long were out riding this afternoon in Boyd Bros.' landau. Mr. Carlotta was driving and while going at a rather lively gait in South Philipsburg he drove over a rock and was thrown off. Both ladies jumped out and both were somewhat injured. Miss Long had her arm broken and sustained other painful injuries.

Central American News.

SAN JOSE, Costa Rica, Nov. 1.—An epidemic resembling a gripe has attacked many persons here.

Rumors from Nicaragua are to the effect that a number of persons will be expelled, in addition to those already driven from the country, before long.

The epidemic of smallpox which recently prevailed in Honduras is over.

GROWING SERIOUS.

Governor Buchanan Offers a Reward for the Arrest of the Escaped Convicts.

KNOXVILLE, Tenn., Oct. 1.—Governor Buchanan arrived today to confer with Attorney General Pinkie on the outbreak at Bryceville. This evening he issued two proclamations, one offering a reward of \$5,000 for the arrest and conviction of the leaders of the Bryceville riot, and the other offering a reward of \$250 each for the capture of the escaped convicts. Everything is quite at Bryceville. As a precautionary measure, guards at Oliver have been largely reinforced, and if the stockade should be attacked, vigorous resistance will be made. The governor will not call out the militia at present; he will depend upon the civil authorities to repress the convicts.

CHATTANOOGA, Tenn., Nov. 1.—A rumor is current here to the effect that a secret understanding exists between miners throughout the state to liberate all the convicts working in mines. In consequence, it is thought the next move will be in Oliver Springs, Tracy City and Inman. A special to the Times says the Bryceville mines resumed work yesterday morning. The convicts are scattered, a majority fleeing to the mountains of Kentucky. The matter has created great excitement here, and the outcome is looked forward to with interest. The future of the legislature to adjust the difficulty is the foundation of the present lawlessness and the public is very indignant.

WORK OF ROUGHS.

Trouble at Political Meetings in Cork—Carried the American Flag.

CORK, Nov. 1.—The Parnellite and anti-Parnellite meetings to day were again divided by a large force of police. Nevertheless, the Parnellites managed to throw a good many stones over the heads of the police at Mr. O'Brien's meeting. The McCarthyites replied with similar missiles and a serious conflict followed. Earlier in the day an attack was made on a band of music in O'Connell street. The instruments of musicians were smashed and a number of persons injured. The Parnellites marched in the procession, and the American flag and a portrait of Parnell were carried at the head of their line.

Mr. Redmond, the Parnellite parliamentary candidate, in a speech declared it was impossible for Dillon and O'Brien to be independent. Gladstone was their master in England, and Tim Healy their master in Ireland. During the meeting Mr. Redmond was presented with an enormous shillalah. Both meetings were largely attended. Much rowdiness was manifested at various times by the roughs, who even attacked women and children.

POLITICS IN IOWA.

Workers for the Various Factions Disregard the Sunday.

DES MOINES, Nov. 1.—Politicians have not been able to keep the Sabbath day free from politics. The election is the sole subject of public attention. Anxiety over the outcome has never been so intense. Both parties have organizations that will reach every precinct in the state. The vote in cities like Des Moines will be the fullest ever cast. Instances are frequent in which voters, temporarily hundreds of miles from home, have been sent for at the expense of the campaign fund. Both parties are very hopeful. The Farmers' alliance, Ocala faction, is maintaining its campaign with considerable tenacity. Their candidate, Westfall, estimates his vote at from 25,000 to 40,000. Republicans and democrats concede him not to exceed 15,000. The legislature is a matter of much speculation by both parties. The alliance men are beginning to assert they will succeed in securing the balance of power.

WORSE THAN BACCARAT.

Residence of the Prince of Wales Greatly Damaged by Fire.

LONDON, Nov. 1.—Early this morning the top floor of the Prince of Wales' residence was discovered on fire. An alarm was promptly rung and soon the greatest excitement prevailed. An hour later the whole upper part of the building was in flames and in a few minutes the roof collapsed with a tremendous crash. The reflection of the flames was visible for several miles around. The severe fire brigades on the scene were assisted by hundreds of volunteers, including an engine sent by the Great Eastern Railway company by special train. The second and third floors of the buildings were gutted and their contents destroyed. The lower rooms were greatly damaged by water. The total amount of damage is estimated at £15,000. The prince and family were absent at the time. It is supposed the fire caught by a spark from the flue, which smoldered during the night.

NEWS FROM PARIS.

A Prospective Visit of the Czar—British and Portuguese—A Cardinal Ill.

PARIS, Nov. 1.—Foreign Minister Robert, having been urged by DeGers during his recent visit to Madrid, tried to persuade the czar to visit France, and was told it was first advisable to expel all Russian refugees, and it is supposed they are preparing to make a clean sweep of them over the Swiss frontier.

A Portuguese mail boat from East Africa has arrived at Marseilles. It reports a recent collision between British and Portuguese soldiers at Lorenz Marques, in which two were killed and 15 injured.

Cardinal Lavergne is seriously ill at Algiers. The pope has sent his blessing to the cardinal.

Bloodshed Expected.

NEW ORLEANS, Nov. 1.—The *Pietyneque* Austin, Texas, special says: Alice, who shot and killed Editor Bowman last summer, will be taken from jail and conveyed to Frio county for trial. It is reported much ill feeling exists and, if rumors are true, bloodshed is imminent. Governor Hogg has ordered the state militia at San Antonio to hold themselves ready to proceed to Frio county at a moment's notice.

AN AWFUL SPECTACLE

Terrible Accident Caused by the Carelessness of Street Arabs.

THE DEADLY ELECTRIC WIRE

Burned to Death by Electricity—Sparks of Fire From His Eyes—Was a Frightful Scene.

PANAMA, Nov. 1.—Saturday a naked telephone wire was detached by some street arabs so that it hung from the support to the ground, trailing over a certain wire from the electric light plant. A police officer commenced to haul it in. The act of drawing caused it to cut through the rubber insulation of the electric light wire. The officer received a shock which rendered him unconscious. A great crowd gathered and before the electric light company could be notified to shut off the current a horse hitched to a car was driven over the wire and killed. The cabman, attempting to extricate his animal from the harness, thinking he had simply fallen, was struck on the forehead by the swinging wire, which burnt through the skull almost to the ears and there remained. The electric fluid literally filled the man's head, and in a moment his brain and eyes became completely incinerated. The flesh and skin smoked and sizzled until they were also reduced almost to ashes. All this while sparks played about the head in an awful shower, the eyes literally glowing and radiating the consuming fire. No other casualties.

NEW BRAZILIAN COMPANY.

Will Deal Exclusively With Companies in the United States.

WASHINGTON, Nov. 1.—The bureau of American republics is informed of the organization and charter of the "International and Commercial Industrial company of Brazil," with offices and depository 67 Rua de Marco, Rio de Janeiro. The capital is, at the start, \$1,500,000, all paid in, and authority is granted for an increase to \$4,500,000. It is the intention of the company to do business exclusively with the United States, and to this end it will undertake the agency for manufacturers and in execution of orders will guarantee payment, and whenever necessary and advantageous to use buyer or seller will arrange to pay on delivery. Particular attention will be given to the complete outfitting of railways, supplying of rolling stock, furnishing and putting up of iron and steel bridges and furnishing and erecting plants for the manufacture of sugar. The bureau says: The company is highly endorsed by the banks of Rio de Janeiro, the management being in the hands of competent and experienced gentlemen, which is a guarantee of success. The recent treaty of reciprocity has led to the organization of the company.

DESTRUCTIVE FIRE.

Great Loss of Property in a Massachusetts Manufacturing Town.

BEVERLY, Mass., Nov. 1.—The most disastrous fire which ever gained headway in this town to-day caused the total loss of nearly \$200,000. It started in a large box factory on River street, owned by George H. Allen of Lynn. This building was 75 feet square and set on piles over Danvers river. A high wind prevailed. Salem, Peabody, Lynn and Marblehead were called on for aid. The flames leaped from the Allen building to the four-story wooden shoe factory owned by Woodbury Bros., and the building was soon doomed. The fire then caught a two-story wooden dwelling across the street. Adjoining was a three-story building occupied by Woodbury Bros. for the storage of shoes and sole leather. This building shared the fate of the others. Showers of sparks fell on the freight house and car shed of the Boston & Maine railroad, and it was totally consumed, together with five parlor cars. At one time 20 tenement houses and barns in the vicinity were on fire. Insurance about \$100,000.

Runaways By Fire.

MANDAN, N. D., Nov. 1.—Persons from Oliver county tell of the severe experiences farmers and ranchmen had with recent prairie fires. More damage was done than at first supposed. Several thousand tons of hay were lost, large ranges burned and it is estimated 20 settlers had their homes and stables burned. John Day had a flock of 400 sheep cremated. Settlers named Nelson and Hunter and Smith lost all their horses and cattle as well as buildings.

All Are Safe and Sound.

SAN FRANCISCO, Nov. 1.—The whaler *Grampus*, about which there has been so many startling stories of the massacre of her crew by Alaskans, arrived here last night. Every man who started on the cruise returned, except the second officer, Brayton, who died of dropsy. The whaler returned on account of injuries to her rudder; otherwise she would have remained another year.

In Favor of Prohibition.

EISMARCK, N. D., Nov. 1.—A decision filed yesterday in the supreme court sustains the prohibition law in every particular. The case was the noted one of John Haas of Fargo, and the only question on appeal was that of the constitutionality of the law.

A Grand Ovation.

ROME, Nov. 1.—According to previous announcement Amico Frita, Pietro Mascagni's new opera had its first public performance last night. The audience manifested enormous enthusiasm, and seven scenes were encored. Signor Mascagni was called before the curtain 33 times.

They Like Uncle Sam.

TECHUMSEH, Ont., Nov. 1.—A strong branch of the Continental Union, whose object is a political alliance with the United States, was formed here last night.